SYLLABUS Fall semester 2023-2024 academic year Educational program "6B06107 - Data Science"

ID and	Independent	work	Number of credits			General Independent work			
name of course	of the student	t (IWS)	Lectures (L)	Practical classes (PC)	Lab. classes (LC)	number of credits	of the student under the guidance of a teacher (IWST)		
Mathematics-2 (Algebra and Discrete mathematics)	17		3	3	0	6	17		
/_	ACADEMIC INFORMATION ABOUT THE C		T THE CO	OURSE					
Learning Format	Cycle, component	Lecture t	ypes	Types of practical	classes	Form and platform final control			
Offline	base		ematic, ytical	Problemati solv	-	Oral			
Lecturer - (s)	Sautbekova M	lerey, senior-	-lecturer						
e-mail:	merey.sautbek	ova@gmail.	com						
Phone:	+77013095464	4							
Assistant - (s)	-								
e-mail :	-								
Phone:	-								
				URSE PRESI	ENTATION				
Purpose of the course	De	Expected Learning Outcomes (LO) * Describe what is the result of studying the course the student will be able to: LO 1. Explain the meaning of the basic concepts and theorems of					Indicators of LO achievement (ID) As a result of studying the discipline, the student will be able to: ID 1.1 Understand the basic definitions		
		liscrete mathematics and mathematical logic based on the mean							
	LO 2. Using the basic definitions and formulas of discrete mathematics, generating model problems of set theory and binary relations				ID 2.1 Consider different ways of proving set equilibria ID 2.2 Examination of special properties of binary relations ID 2.3 Understand and apply the relationship between binary relations and partitioning of sets				
	LO 3. Compil	Compilation of combinatorics sample problems ID 3.1 Ability to use addition and multiplication rules ID 3.2 Using the input-output formula							
						ID 3.3 Use layout and typing in solvi the math.problem			
	LO 4. Ability	to use the ba	sic tools of r	number theory		ID 4.1 1 Fir the recurrence	nding the general solution of ce equation		
						ID 4.2 Find the generating function the chain and implement the revertansition.			

	LO 5. To be able to apply operations to graphs based on the basis of graph theory, to find metric characteristics of graphs and to be able to use graph theory to solve some applied problems effectively. LO 6. Based on the elements of algebraic logic, construct SKNF, SDNF and Zhegalkin polynomials of functions of algebraic logic.	ID 4.3 Ability to use the method of mathematical induction. ID 4.4 Study the properties of Fibonacci numbers ID 4.5 Investigate the properties of multiplicative functions and find a general solution to the Diophantine equation. ID 4.6 Test binary relations for specific properties. ID 5.1 Find the intersection, union and composition of graphs ID 5.2 Finding matrices corresponding to graphs ID 5.3 Finding metric properties of graphs ID 5.4 Checking graphs for isomorphism ID 5.5 Checking graphs for Eulerianness. Coloring graphs. ID 6.1 Be able to construct truth tables. ID 6.2 Build SCNF and SDNF functions. ID 6.3 Find Zhegalkin polynomials.			
Prerequisites	Fundamentals of Algebra, Linear Algebra				
Postrequisites	Mathematical logic				
Learning	Literature: main, additional.				
Resources	 Kostrikin A., Manin Yu., Linear Algebra and Geometry, Gordon and Breach Science Publishers, 1986. Sets, Functions and Logic – an introduction to abstract mathematics, 3rd edition, Keith Devlin, 2004 Introduction to mathematical logic, 4th edition, Elliott Mendelson, 1992. Фадеев Д.К., Соминский И.С. Сборник задач по высшей алгебре. – М.: Наука, 1982. Сборник задач по алгебре. Под редакцией А.И. Кострикина. – М.: Физматгиз, 2002. Изд. 3е, испр. и доп. E-sources: https://byjus.com/maths/mathematical-logic/ https://www.tutorialspoint.com/discrete_mathematics/discrete_mathematics_propositional_logic.htm 				

Academic course policy

The academic policy of the course is determined by the Academic Policy and the Policy of Academic Integrity of Al-Farabi Kazakh National University.

Documents are available on the main page of IS Univer.

Integration of science and education. The research work of students, undergraduates and doctoral students is a deepening of the educational process. It is organized directly at the departments, laboratories, scientific and design departments of the university, in student scientific and technical associations. Independent work of students at all levels of education is aimed at developing research skills and competencies based on obtaining new knowledge using modern research and information technologies. A research university teacher integrates the results of scientific activities into the topics of lectures and seminars (practical) classes, laboratory classes and into the tasks of the IWST, IWS, which are reflected in the syllabus and are responsible for the relevance of the topics of training sessions and assignments.

Attendance. The deadline for each task is indicated in the calendar (schedule) for the implementation of the content of the course. Failure to meet deadlines results in loss of points.

Academic honesty. Practical/laboratory classes, IWS develop the student's independence, critical thinking, and creativity. Plagiarism, forgery, the use of cheat sheets, cheating at all stages of completing tasks are unacceptable.

Compliance with academic honesty during the period of theoretical training and at exams, in addition to the main policies, is regulated by the "Rules for the final control", "Instructions for the final control of the autumn / spring semester of the current academic year", "Regulations on checking students' text documents for borrowings".

Documents are available on the main page of IS Univer.

Basic principles of inclusive education. The educational environment of the university is conceived as a safe place where there is always support and equal attitude from the teacher to all students and students to each other, regardless of gender, race / ethnicity, religious beliefs, socio-economic status, physical health of the student, etc. All people need the support and friendship of peers and fellow students. For all students, progress is more about what they can do than what they can't. Diversity enhances all aspects of life. All students, especially those with disabilities, can receive counseling assistance by phone / e- mail merey.sautbekova@gmail.com or via video link Zoom.

Integration MOOC (massive open online course). In the case of integrating MOOC into the course, all students need to register for MOOC. The deadlines for passing MOOC modules must be strictly observed in accordance with the course study schedule.

ATTENTION! The deadline for each task is indicated in the calendar (schedule) for the implementation of the content of the course, as well as in the MOOC. Failure to meet deadlines results in loss of points.

	<u>, </u>	INFORMA	TION ABOUT TEACH	IING, LEARNING AND ASSESSMENT					
Score-rating letter system of assessment of accounting for educational achievements				Assessment Methods					
Grade	Digital equivalent points	points, % content	Assessment according to the traditional system	Criteria-based assessment is the prediction outcomes with expected lessel clearly defined criteria. Based on	arning outcomes based on				
A	4.0 _	95-100	Great	assessment. Formative assessment is a type of assessment that is carried in the course of daily learning activities. It is the current meas					
A-	3.67	90-94							
B+	3.33	85-89	Fine	of progress. Provides an operational student and the teacher. It allows you so the student, identify difficulties, he timely correct the educational properformance of tasks, the activity of we lectures, seminars, practical exercidebates, round tables, laboratory and Acquired knowledge and competence. Summative assessment - type of assess upon completion of the study of the the program of the course. Conduct when performing IWS. This is the an expected learning outcomes in relation you to determine and fix the level of certain period. Learning outcomes are	to determine the capabilities elp achieve the best results, cess for the teacher. The vork in the classroom during ises (discussions, quizzes, work, etc.) are evaluated. es are assessed. essment, which is carried out section in accordance with ted 3-4 times per semester ssessment of mastering the into the descriptors. Allows a mastering the course for a great resultance.				
В	3.0	80-84		Formative and summative	Points				
B-	2.67	75-79		assessment					

C	1 2 22	70.74		Worls in4:1 -1-		1.0	,		
C+	2.33	70-74 65-69	Satisfactorily	Work in practical classes Independent work		18 42			
C-	1.67	60-64	Saustactority	тисрепаені work		42	•		
						1			
D+	1.33	55-59	Unsatisfactory	Final control (exam)		40			
D	1.0	50-54		TOTAL		100			
A	Calendar (se	chedule) for th		the content of the course. Met	hods of	teachin	g and learn	ing.	
week									
			MOD	ULE 1. Sets. Relations and fu	nctions				
1	L 1. Sets a sets.	and basic opera	tions on them. Power o	f the set. Finite and infinite	LO1	ID1	2	2	
	PC 1. Prov	ving equilibria	in set theory. Applying	operations to sets.	LO3	ID1	2	5	
2			applied to relations. Spelation. Separation theor	ecial binary relations. Ordinal em.	LO1	ID1 ID2	2	2	
	PC 2. App	plying operatio	ns to binary relations. S	Study of equivalence relations.	LO3	ID7	2	5	
3	L 3. Count Layouts an	_	chlet's rule. Input and o	utput formula. Substitutions.	LO1	ID1	2	2	
	SW1. Abii	lity to use addi	LO3	ID2 ID3	2	5			
	IWST 1. A sets and re		control work on the top	ic "Application of operations to	LO3	ID1 ID2	1	30	
			MODULE 2. E	lements of Number theory.					
4		hlet's principle.		Inclusion-exclusion formula.	LO1	ID1 ID2	2	2	
				usion-exclusion formula.	LO4	ID10 ID11	2	5	
5	L 5. Number of injections, surjections and bijections on finite sets. Method of mathematical induction. Fibonacci numbers. Recurrent relations. Generating functions and their properties.					ID1 ID2	2	2	
		ly placements a mathematical	LO4 LO5	ID12 ID13	2	5			
	IWST 5. C	Consultation on	the implementation of	IWS 3		ID10 ID13 ID14			
6	L 6. Simple remainder	le properties of theorem.	LO1	ID1	2				
	Solve syst	d a general solu ems of equatio	LO5	ID14 ID15	2				
	Inclusione functions.	exclusion formu	n the topics: "Principles ala. Mathematical inductions."	s of Accounting. ction". "Multiplicative	LO5	ID14 ID15	1	30	
7	_		ons. Euler's and Fermat	's theorems.	LO1	ID1	2	2	

	PC 7. Explore the properties of multiplicative functions. Continued fractions. Solving equations in integers.	LO5	ID16	2	5
	Module 3 Basics of graph theory.				
8	L.8 Basic concepts of graph theory. Metric characteristics of graphs.	LO1	ID1	1	
O	L.o Basic concepts of graph theory. Metric characteristics of graphs.	LOI	ID1	1	
	PC 8. Chain parts. Solving equations in whole numbers.	LO4	ID10	2	4
			ID11		
	L.9 Degrees of graphs' roofs. Operations on graphs.	LO1	ID1	1	
9			ID2		
	PC 9. Study of metric characteristics of graphs.	LO4	ID12	2	4
	1 6 % Study of motific characteristics of graphs.	LO5	ID13	2	
10	L. 10 Internal graphs. Cycles. Bound graphs. Trees.	LO1	ID1	1	
	DC 10 D C C' 1' C 1 A 1' C 1	1.04	ID2		4
	PC 10. Proof of isomorphism of graphs. Applying operations to graphs.	LO4	ID10 ID11	2	4
	IWST 5. Consultation on the implementation of IWST	LO1	ID11		
	1w31 3. Consultation on the implementation of 1w31	LOI	ID1 ID2		
11	L.11 Matrices corresponding to graphs.	LO4	ID12	1	24
	Ziii Maaroo oonooponamg te grapie.	LO5	ID13	•	
	PC 11. Acceptance of control work on the topic "Research of graphs".	LO1	ID1	1	
			ID2		
12	L.12 Planar graphs. Coloring graphs. Eulerian graphs.	LO1	ID1	2	2
	PC 12. Checking graphs for connectedness, planarity, Eulerianness. Coloring	LO5	ID16	2	5
	graphs.				
	MODULE 4. Logic Algebra				
13		LO1	ID1	2	2
13	MODULE 4. Logic Algebra L 13. Logic algebra functions. Basic equivalences. SKNF and SDNF.	LO1		2	2
13		LO1	ID1 ID2 ID16	2	2 5
13	L 13. Logic algebra functions. Basic equivalences. SKNF and SDNF.		ID2		
	L 13. Logic algebra functions. Basic equivalences. SKNF and SDNF. PC 13. Construct truth tables. Check whether the function preserves 0 and 1. Find SCNF and SDNF. IWST 6. Consultation on the implementation of IWST 4.	LO6	ID2 ID16	2	
	L 13. Logic algebra functions. Basic equivalences. SKNF and SDNF. PC 13. Construct truth tables. Check whether the function preserves 0 and 1. Find SCNF and SDNF.		ID2 ID16 ID17 ID1		
	L 13. Logic algebra functions. Basic equivalences. SKNF and SDNF. PC 13. Construct truth tables. Check whether the function preserves 0 and 1. Find SCNF and SDNF. IWST 6. Consultation on the implementation of IWST 4. L 14. Basic equivalences. SKNF and SDNF. ns.	LO6	ID2 ID16 ID17 ID1 ID2	2	5
	L 13. Logic algebra functions. Basic equivalences. SKNF and SDNF. PC 13. Construct truth tables. Check whether the function preserves 0 and 1. Find SCNF and SDNF. IWST 6. Consultation on the implementation of IWST 4.	LO6	ID2 ID16 ID17 ID1 ID2 ID18	2	
	L 13. Logic algebra functions. Basic equivalences. SKNF and SDNF. PC 13. Construct truth tables. Check whether the function preserves 0 and 1. Find SCNF and SDNF. IWST 6. Consultation on the implementation of IWST 4. L 14. Basic equivalences. SKNF and SDNF. ns.	LO6 LO1 LO6	ID2 ID16 ID17 ID1 ID2 ID18 ID19	2 2	5
	L 13. Logic algebra functions. Basic equivalences. SKNF and SDNF. PC 13. Construct truth tables. Check whether the function preserves 0 and 1. Find SCNF and SDNF. IWST 6. Consultation on the implementation of IWST 4. L 14. Basic equivalences. SKNF and SDNF. ns.	LO6	ID2 ID16 ID17 ID1 ID2 ID18 ID19 ID16	2	5
	L 13. Logic algebra functions. Basic equivalences. SKNF and SDNF. PC 13. Construct truth tables. Check whether the function preserves 0 and 1. Find SCNF and SDNF. IWST 6. Consultation on the implementation of IWST 4. L 14. Basic equivalences. SKNF and SDNF. ns.	LO6 LO1 LO6	ID2 ID16 ID17 ID1 ID2 ID18 ID19 ID16 ID17	2 2	5
14	L 13. Logic algebra functions. Basic equivalences. SKNF and SDNF. PC 13. Construct truth tables. Check whether the function preserves 0 and 1. Find SCNF and SDNF. IWST 6. Consultation on the implementation of IWST 4. L 14. Basic equivalences. SKNF and SDNF. ns. PC 14. finding the SKNF and SDNF.	LO6 LO6 LO6	ID2 ID16 ID17 ID1 ID2 ID18 ID19 ID16 ID17 ID18	2 2 2 1	5
	L 13. Logic algebra functions. Basic equivalences. SKNF and SDNF. PC 13. Construct truth tables. Check whether the function preserves 0 and 1. Find SCNF and SDNF. IWST 6. Consultation on the implementation of IWST 4. L 14. Basic equivalences. SKNF and SDNF. ns.	LO6 LO1 LO6	ID2 ID16 ID17 ID1 ID2 ID18 ID19 ID16 ID17 ID18 ID1	2 2	5
14	L 13. Logic algebra functions. Basic equivalences. SKNF and SDNF. PC 13. Construct truth tables. Check whether the function preserves 0 and 1. Find SCNF and SDNF. IWST 6. Consultation on the implementation of IWST 4. L 14. Basic equivalences. SKNF and SDNF. ns. PC 14. finding the SKNF and SDNF. L 15 Zhegalkin polynomials. Closed classes. Examples. Duality. Self-dual functions	LO6 LO6 LO6	ID2 ID16 ID17 ID1 ID2 ID18 ID19 ID16 ID17 ID18	2 2 2 1	5
14	L 13. Logic algebra functions. Basic equivalences. SKNF and SDNF. PC 13. Construct truth tables. Check whether the function preserves 0 and 1. Find SCNF and SDNF. IWST 6. Consultation on the implementation of IWST 4. L 14. Basic equivalences. SKNF and SDNF. ns. PC 14. finding the SKNF and SDNF.	LO6 LO6 LO6 LO6	ID2 ID16 ID17 ID1 ID2 ID18 ID19 ID16 ID17 ID18 ID1 ID1 ID1	2 2 2 1	5
14	L 13. Logic algebra functions. Basic equivalences. SKNF and SDNF. PC 13. Construct truth tables. Check whether the function preserves 0 and 1. Find SCNF and SDNF. IWST 6. Consultation on the implementation of IWST 4. L 14. Basic equivalences. SKNF and SDNF. ns. PC 14. finding the SKNF and SDNF. L 15 Zhegalkin polynomials. Closed classes. Examples. Duality. Self-dual functions IWST 7. Finding the Zhegalkin polynomial in different ways. Check a	LO6 LO6 LO6 LO6	ID2 ID16 ID17 ID1 ID2 ID18 ID19 ID16 ID17 ID18 ID1 ID2 ID17	2 2 2 1	5
14	L 13. Logic algebra functions. Basic equivalences. SKNF and SDNF. PC 13. Construct truth tables. Check whether the function preserves 0 and 1. Find SCNF and SDNF. IWST 6. Consultation on the implementation of IWST 4. L 14. Basic equivalences. SKNF and SDNF. ns. PC 14. finding the SKNF and SDNF. L 15 Zhegalkin polynomials. Closed classes. Examples. Duality. Self-dual functions IWST 7. Finding the Zhegalkin polynomial in different ways. Check a function for self-duality.	LO6 LO6 LO6 LO6	ID2 ID16 ID17 ID1 ID2 ID18 ID19 ID16 ID17 ID18 ID1 ID2 ID17	2 2 2 1	5 30
14	L 13. Logic algebra functions. Basic equivalences. SKNF and SDNF. PC 13. Construct truth tables. Check whether the function preserves 0 and 1. Find SCNF and SDNF. IWST 6. Consultation on the implementation of IWST 4. L 14. Basic equivalences. SKNF and SDNF. ns. PC 14. finding the SKNF and SDNF. L 15 Zhegalkin polynomials. Closed classes. Examples. Duality. Self-dual functions IWST 7. Finding the Zhegalkin polynomial in different ways. Check a function for self-duality. Midterm control 2	LO6 LO6 LO6 LO6	ID2 ID16 ID17 ID1 ID2 ID18 ID19 ID16 ID17 ID18 ID1 ID2 ID17	2 2 2 1	5 30 60

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